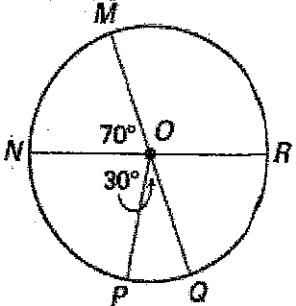
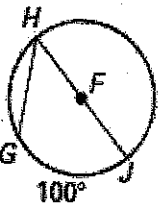
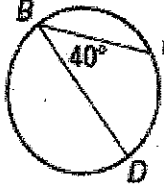
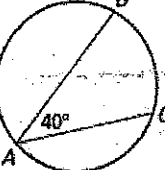
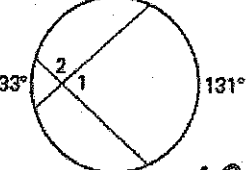
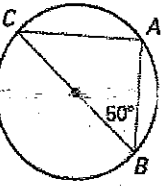
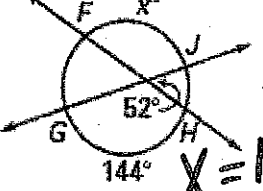
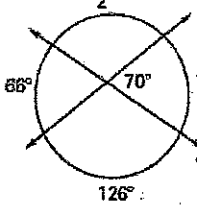
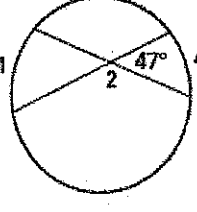
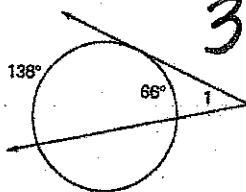
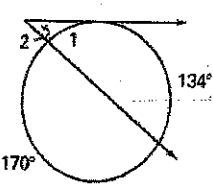
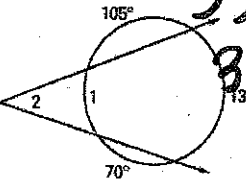
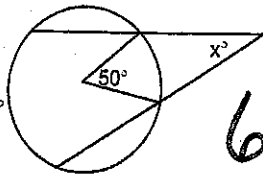
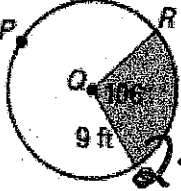
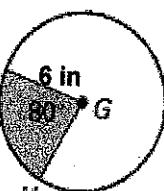

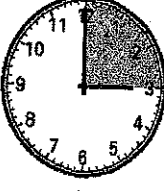


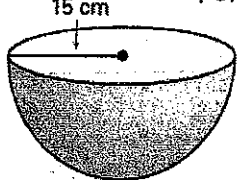
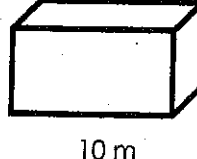
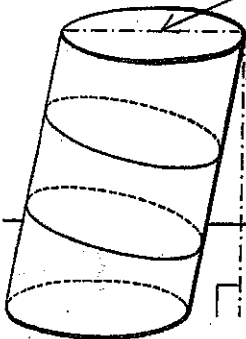
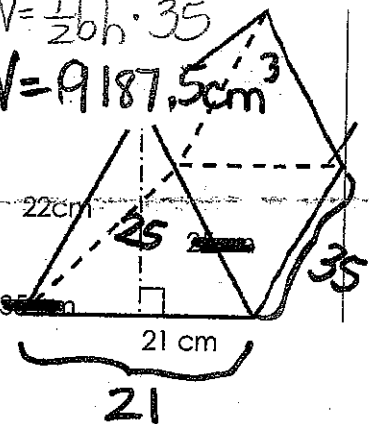
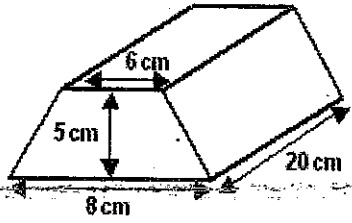
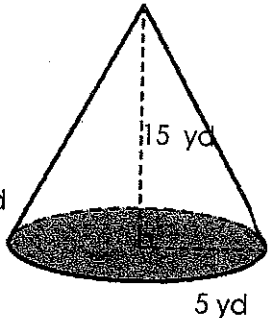
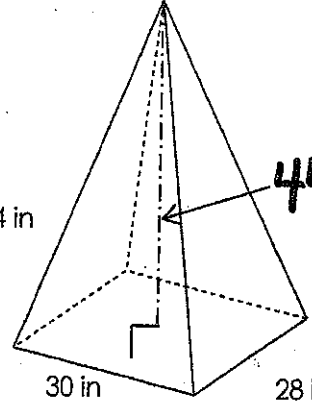
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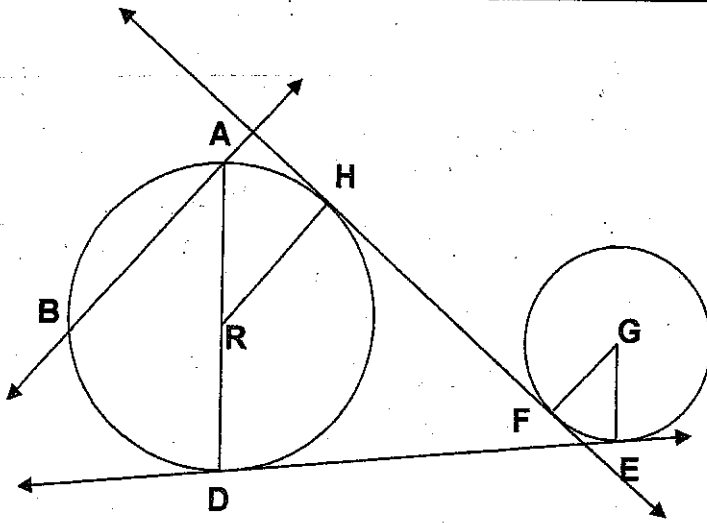
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Use the following to review for you test. Work the Practice Problems on a separate sheet of paper.

What you need to know & be able to do	Things to remember		
Find the measure of arcs from central angles.	Angle = Arc		1. Find $m\widehat{MN}$ <b>70</b> 2. Find $m\widehat{QNR}$ <b>290°</b> 3. Find $m\widehat{MR}$ <b>110°</b> 4. Find $m\widehat{PRN}$ <b>280°</b>
Find the measure of arcs and angles with inscribed angles.	Angle = $\frac{\text{Arc}}{2}$	5. Find $m\angle GHJ$  <b>50°</b>	6. Find $m\widehat{CD}$  <b>80°</b>
Find the measure of arcs and angles if the angle is inside the circle.	Angle = $\frac{\text{Arc} + \text{Arc}}{2}$	7. Find $m\widehat{BC}$  <b>80°</b> 9. Find $m\angle 1$ and $m\angle 2$  <b><math>\angle 1 = 82</math> <math>\angle 2 = 98</math></b>	8. Find $m\angle C$  <b>40°</b> 10. Find the value of x.  <b><math>x = 112</math></b>
Find the measure of arcs and angles if the angle is inside the circle.	Angle = $\frac{\text{Arc} + \text{Arc}}{2}$	11. Find 1 & 2  <b><math>74</math> <math>94</math></b>	12. Find 1 & 2  <b><math>53</math> <math>133</math></b>

<p>Find the measure of arcs and angles if the angle is outside the circle.</p>	<p>Angle = <math>\frac{\text{Large Arc} - \text{Small Arc}}{2}</math></p>	<p>13. Find 1.</p>  <p>36</p>	<p>14. Find 1 &amp; 2.</p>  <p>1 is 56 2 = 39</p>
<p>Find the area of circles</p>	<p>Area = <math>\pi r^2</math></p>	<p>15. Find 1 &amp; 2.</p>  <p>55 + 37.5</p>	<p>16. Find the value of x.</p>  <p>60</p>
<p>Find the area of sectors</p>	<p>Sector = <math>\frac{\text{Arc}}{360} \cdot \pi r^2</math></p>	<p>17. The area of a circle is 31.4 cm<sup>2</sup>. What is the radius?</p> <p>3.16</p>	<p>18. Find the area of a circle with a diameter of 22 inches.</p> <p>121π or 380.13</p>
<p>Find the circumference of circles</p>	<p>Circumference = <math>2\pi r</math></p>	<p>19. Find the area of the shaded region</p>  <p>74.93 or 23.85π</p>	<p>20. Find the area of the shaded region.</p>  <p>8π or 25.13</p>
<p>Find arc lengths</p>	<p>Circumference = <math>\frac{\text{Arc}}{360} \cdot 2\pi r</math></p>	<p>21. Find the circumference of a circle with a radius of 8 m.</p> <p>16π or 50.3</p>	<p>22. The circumference of a circle is 25.12 ft. What is the radius?</p> <p>r = 4</p>
<p>Word Problems</p>	<p>25. A birthday cake is sliced into 8 equal pieces. The arc length of one piece of cake is 6.28 inches, as shown. Find the diameter of the cake.</p>  <p>d ≈ 16</p>	<p>26. A wall clock has an area of 452.39 in<sup>2</sup>. Find the diameter of the clock. Then, find the area of the sector formed when the time is 3:00.</p>  <p>d = 24</p>	

<p>Find the volume of spheres.</p>	$V = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$	<p>23. A beach ball has a diameter of 8 inches. Find its volume.</p> $V = \frac{4}{3}\pi(4)^3$ $V = \frac{256}{3}\pi$ <p>or 268.1</p>	<p>24. Find the volume of the hemisphere.</p> <p>take <math>\frac{1}{2}</math></p>  $\frac{4}{3}\pi(15)^3$ <p>2250π</p>
<p>Find the volume of prisms and cylinders.</p>	$V = Bh$ <p>(where B is the area of the base)</p> <p> <math>A_{\text{Rectangle}} = bh</math>  <math>A_{\text{Circle}} = \pi r^2</math>  <math>A_{\text{Triangle}} = \frac{1}{2}bh</math>  <math>A_{\text{Trapezoid}} = \frac{1}{2}(b_1 + b_2)h</math> </p>	<p>25. Find the volume.</p>  <p>10 m, 4 m, 2 m</p> $80m^3$	<p>26. Find the volume.</p>  <p>12 in, 20 in</p> $V = \pi r^2 h$ $V = \pi(6^2)(20)$ <p>720π</p>
<p>Find the volume of pyramids and cones.</p>	$V = \frac{1}{3}Bh$	<p>27. Find the volume.</p> $V = \frac{1}{2}bh \cdot 35$ $V = 9187.5cm^3$  <p>22 cm, 25, 35, 21 cm, 21</p>	<p>28. Find the volume.</p>  <p>6 cm, 5 cm, 8 cm, 20 cm</p> $V = 700 cm^3$
<p>Find the volume of pyramids and cones.</p>	$V = \frac{1}{3}Bh$	<p>29. Find the volume.</p>  <p>15 yd, 5 yd, 15.8</p> $V = 125\pi$ <p>or 392.7 yds<sup>3</sup></p>	<p>30. Find the volume.</p>  <p>44 in, 30 in, 28 in</p> $V = \frac{1}{3}(28 \cdot 30)44$ $V = 12320 in^3$



Use the figure above to give an example of each of the following terms:

1. Center  $R, G$

2. Radius  $\overline{RH} \quad \overline{RA} \quad \overline{GE}$

3. Diameter  $\overline{AD}$

4. Chord  $\overline{AH}$

5. Secant  $\overleftrightarrow{AB}$

6. Common Internal Tangent  $\overleftrightarrow{HE}$

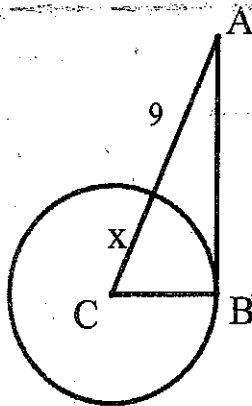
7. Common External Tangent  $\overleftrightarrow{DE}$  8. Point of Tangency  $H, D, F, E$

BC is a radius of  $\odot C$  and  $AB$  is tangent to  $\odot C$ .

Find x.

9.  $AB = 15$

$x = \underline{8}$



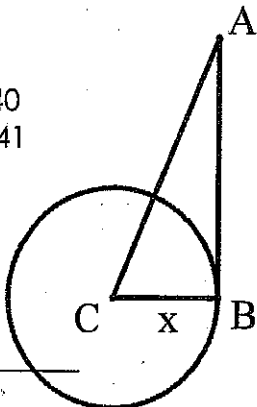
$$x^2 + 15^2 = (x+9)^2$$

$$x^2 + 225 = x^2 + 18x + 81$$

$$\frac{144}{18} = \frac{18x}{18}$$

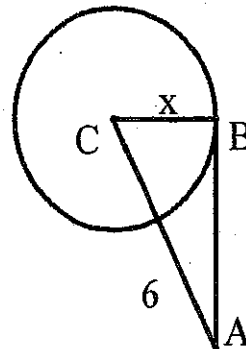
10.  $AB = 40$   
 $AC = 41$

$x = \underline{9}$

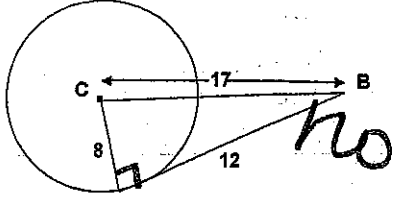


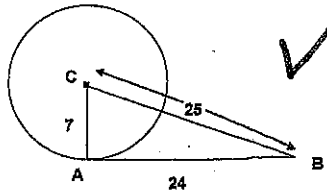
11.  $AB = 12$

$x = \underline{9}$

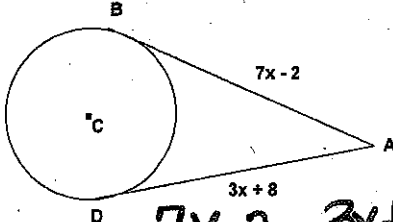


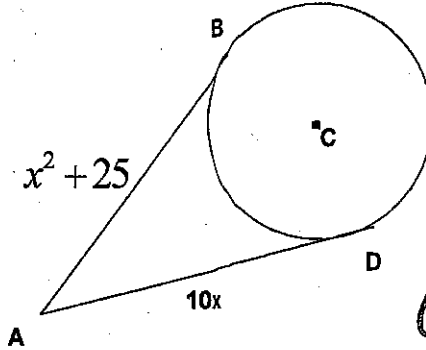
Tell whether  $\overline{AB}$  is tangent to Circle C. Show work and explain your reasoning.  $\overline{AB}$

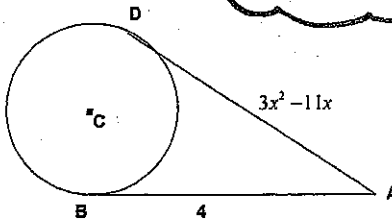
12.  *no*  
 $8^2 + 12^2 \neq 17^2$

13.  *yes*  
 $7^2 + 24^2 = 25^2$   
 $625 = 625$

AB and AD are tangents to Circle C. Find the value of x. Then find AB and AD.

14.   
 $7x - 2 = 3x + 8$   
 $4x = 10$   
 $x = \frac{5}{2} \text{ or } 2.5$

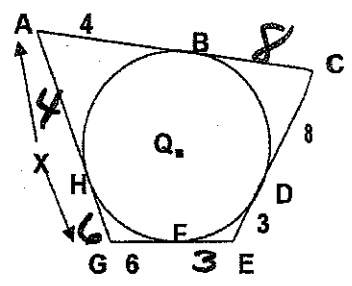
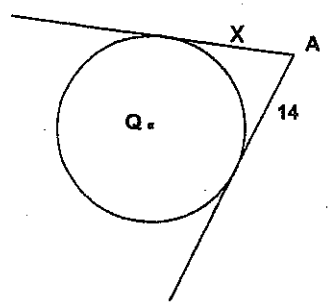
15.   
 $x^2 + 25 = 10x$   
 $x^2 - 10x + 25 = 0$   
 $(x - 5)(x - 5) = 0$   
 $x = 5$

16.   
 $3x^2 - 11x = 4$   
 $3x^2 - 11x - 4 = 0$   
 $(3x + 1)(x - 4) = 0$   
 $x = -\frac{1}{3}, 4$

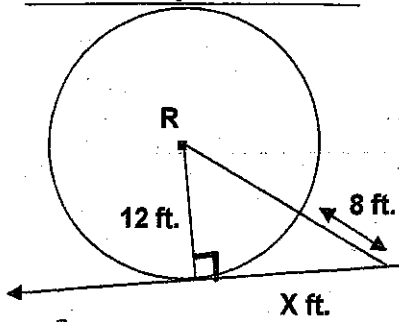
For each circle Q below, find the value of x. The segments that appear tangent are tangent.

17.  $x =$  14

28.  $x =$  10  
 Perimeter of Quad ACEG = 42



19.  $x =$  16

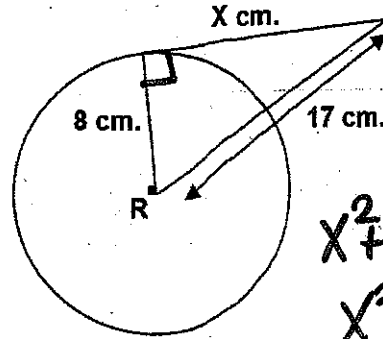


$$x^2 + 12^2 = 20^2$$

$$x^2 = 256$$

$$x = 16$$

20.  $x =$  15

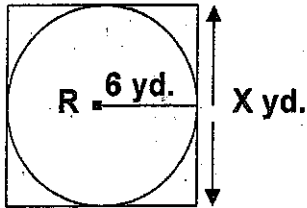


$$x^2 + 8^2 = 17^2$$

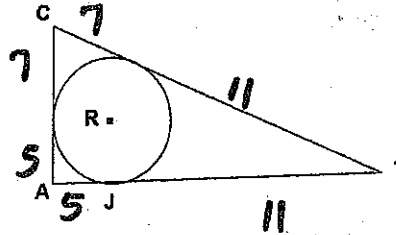
$$x^2 = 225$$

$$x = 15$$

21.  $x =$  12



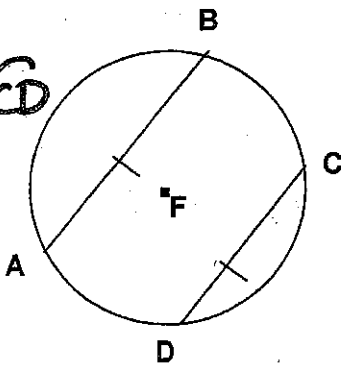
22. Circle R is inscribed in triangle CAT. Find the perimeter of triangle CTA if  $AJ = 5$ ,  $CT = 18$  and  $JT = 11$ . Find the perimeter of Triangle CAT: 46



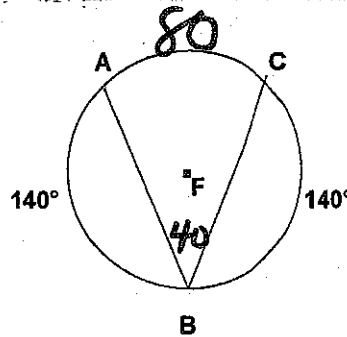
What can you conclude about the diagram?

23.

$$\widehat{AB} \cong \widehat{CD}$$

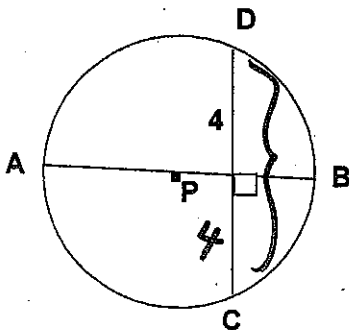


24.



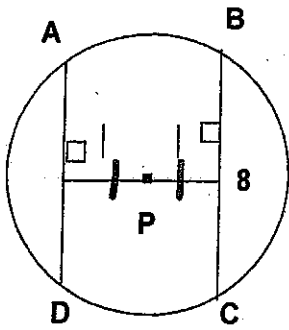
Find the indicated measure for Circle P.

25.



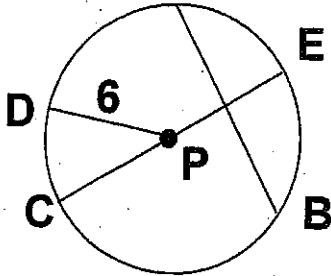
DC = 8

26.



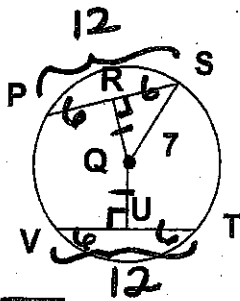
AD = 8

27.



EC = 12

28. PS = 12, TV = 12 and SQ = 7. Find QU.  $\overline{PS} \perp \overline{RQ}$  and  $\overline{VT} \perp \overline{UQ}$ .



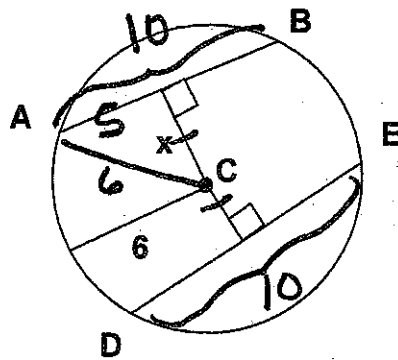
$$6^2 + x^2 = 7^2$$

$$x^2 = 13$$

$$x = \sqrt{13}$$

QU =  $\sqrt{13}$

29. AB = DE = 10, radius = 6. Find x.



$$5^2 + x^2 = 6^2$$

$$x^2 = 11$$

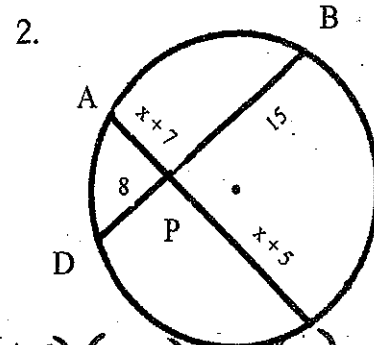
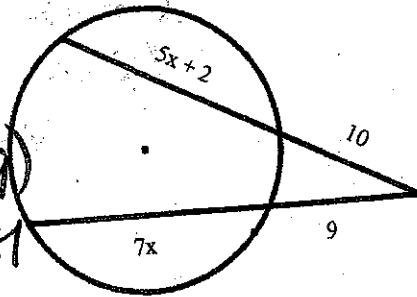
$$x = \sqrt{11}$$

x =  $\sqrt{11}$

All segments that appear tangent are tangent. SHOW ALL WORK. Use units when appropriate. No decimal answers unless stated otherwise.

$x = \underline{3}$  1. 1.  
 $x = \underline{5}$  2.

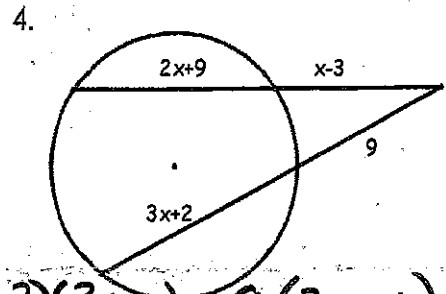
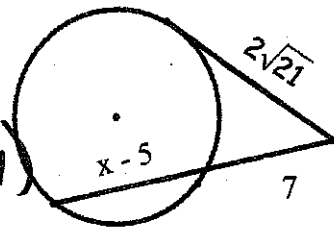
$10(5x+12) = 9(7x+9)$   
 $50x + 120 = 63x + 81$   
 $39 = 13x$   
 $3 = x$



$(x+7)(x+5) = 8(15)$   
 $x^2 + 12x + 35 = 120$   
 $x^2 + 12x - 85 = 0$   
 $(x+17)(x-5) = 0$   
 $x = -17, 5$

$x = \underline{10}$  3. 3.

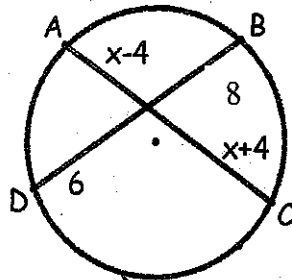
$x = \underline{13}$  4.  
 $(2\sqrt{21})^2 = 7(x-5+7)$   
 $4(21) = 7(x+2)$   
 $84 = 7x + 14$   
 $70 = 7x$



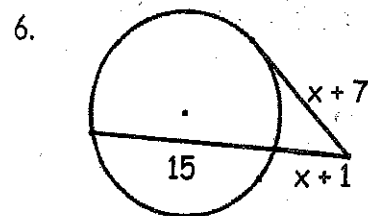
$(x-3)(3x+6) = 9(3x+11)$   
 $3x^2 + 6x - 9x - 18 = 27x + 99$   
 $3x^2 - 30x - 117 = 0$   
 $x^2 - 10x - 39 = 0$   
 $(x-13)(x+3) = 0$   
 $x = 13, -3$

AC = 16 5. Find AC 5.

$x = \underline{11}$  6.



$(x+4)(x-4) = 6(8)$   
 $x^2 - 16 = 48$   
 $x^2 = 64$   
 $x = 8$



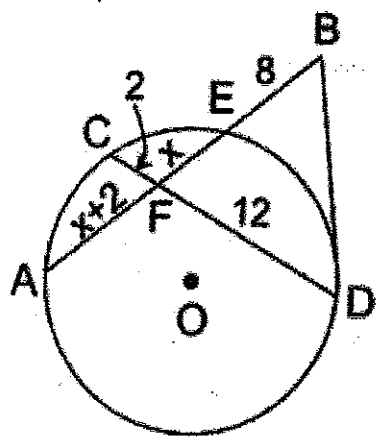
$(x+7)^2 = (x+1)(x+16)$   
 $x^2 + 14x + 49 = x^2 + 17x + 16$   
 $33 = 3x$   
 $11 = x$



Find the indicated length. All segments that appear tangent are tangent. No decimal answers. (2 points each blank)

$x = \frac{4}{(2 \text{ pts.})} 7.$

$BD = \frac{12}{(2 \text{ pts.})} 8.$



$x(x+2) = 2(12)$

$x^2 + 2x = 24$

$x^2 + 2x - 24 = 0$

$(x+6)(x-4) = 0$

$x = \cancel{6}, 4$

$BD^2 = 8(18)$

$BD^2 = 144$

$BD = 12$

Find the indicated measure. Round to the nearest hundredth.

18.7  $\approx 18.8$

The area of a circle is 275 in<sup>2</sup>. Find the diameter.

$2(9.4)$

$A = \pi r^2$   
 $275 = \pi r^2$   
 $\frac{275}{\pi} = \frac{\pi r^2}{\pi}$   
 $9.4 = r$

1320.25

10. The circumference of a circle is  $41\pi$  cm. Find the area.

$C = 2\pi r$   
 $\frac{41\pi}{2\pi} = \frac{2\pi r}{2\pi}$

$20.5 = r$

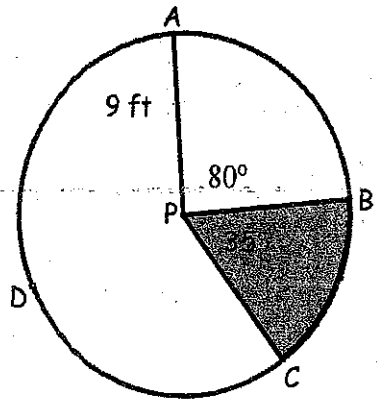
$A = \pi r^2$   
 $A = \pi(20.5)^2$

Given  $\odot P$ , find the EXACT values. Radius = 9 ft.

$4\pi$

11. Find the length of  $\widehat{AB}$ .

$\widehat{AB} = \frac{80}{360} \cdot 2\pi(9) = 4\pi$



$14\pi$

12. Find the length of  $\widehat{ADC}$ .

$C = 2\pi r$   
 $C = 2\pi(9)$   
 $C = 18\pi$  entire circle so  $\widehat{ADC} = 18\pi - 4\pi = 14\pi$

$18\pi$

13. Find the area of the sector formed by  $\angle APB$  and  $\widehat{AB}$ .

$A = \frac{80}{360} \pi (9)^2$   
 $A = 18\pi$

$63\pi$

14. Find the area of the sector formed by  $\angle APC$  and  $\widehat{ADC}$ .

circle  $A = \pi(9^2) = 81\pi$   
 Subtract  $- 18\pi = 63\pi$