How does the value of the mean, mean, median, and mode affect the distribution of data in a sample or opulation? In a distribution the data is Mean, Median, Mode roughly symmetric. The mean, median and mode are Skew (to the \_\_\_\_\_) In a distribution that is skewed, there is data that pulls the distribution to the Mode Median Mean The mean is Skew (to the \_\_\_\_\_) In a distribution that is skewed, Mode Median there is data that pulls Mean the distribution to the The mean is

How does the value of the mean, mean, median, and mode affect the distribution of data in a sample or Jopulation? Normal In a normal distribution the data is Mean, Median, Mode roughly symmetric. The mean, median and mode are equal Negatively skew (to the left) In a distribution that is Negatively skewed, there is data that pulls the distribution to the Mode Median Mean The mean is Positively skew (to the right) In a distribution that is DOSI HI LECUL skewed, Mode Median there is data that pulls Mean the distribution to the night. The mean is > median